#### How will languages be taught?

Learning a new language in the early years should be enjoyable. Children will be introduced to French with a gentle approach, little and often. This will consist of games, songs, rhymes and stories as well as day to day instructions and conversational phrases.

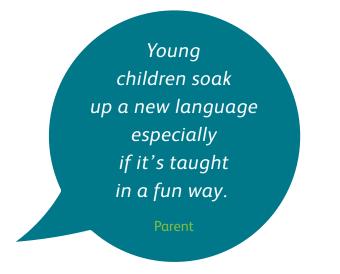
The emphasis will be on listening and talking and having as much fun with the language as possible. There will also be opportunities to learn about the cultures and customs of others.

# How can I support my child in learning a foreign language?

- Show a positive and healthy attitude towards learning about new languages and cultures.
- Look for foreign words together in everyday life.
- Learn together!

I would like to take this opportunity to say how advantageous it can be... to have knowledge of foreign languages... I would have no hesitation in advising people of any age to learn another language.

Arsène Wenger



#### **Useful websites**

- www.mamalisa.com
- www.bbc.co.uk/schools/primarylanguages
- www.scilt.org.uk

For further information please contact your school or visit www.educationscotland.gov.uk

If you or someone you know would like a copy of this document in another language or format, (on occasion, only a summary of the document will be provided in translation), this can be arranged by contacting the Customer Service Centre on 01738 475000.



Council Textphone Number 01738 442573

All Council Services can offer a telephone translation facility

www.pkc.gov.uk (PKC Design Team - 2014\*\*\*)

## Learning Languages in Schools

Information for Parents/Carers



PanTayside

Working Together

in Pan Tavside

### What is changing in our schools?

The 1+2 Approach is a Scottish Government initiative which states that all children from Primary 1 (or earlier) are entitled to learn a foreign language until the end of the Broad General Education (S3).

Angus, Dundee and Perth and Kinross are working together to make this happen.

### Why 1+2?

The mother tongue (English for most) is referred to as L1. The L2 refers to the first modern language that pupils will learn at school. French is the L2 for Pan Tayside pupils. A second modern language, L3, will begin by P5.

**L1** – The mother tongue

L2 – French

L3 – Second new language

**Dzien dobry** Gutentag Ciao

## Why should my child learn a foreign language?

As well as the numerous benefits of learning a foreign language there are many reasons why children should start young :

- Young children have a natural curiosity for sounds and words and a strong desire to communicate.
- They are receptive to learning another language.
- They have high motivation and enthusiasm for learning.
- Young children can copy sounds exactly as they are said and have less fear of worrying what others will think.
- It helps to develop a healthy brain.

If you talk to man in a language he understands, that goes to his head. If you talk to him in his language, that goes to his heart.

Nelson Mandela

#### Myths about language learning!

**Everybody speaks English.** 

Reality: Only 6% of the world's population speak English as a first language. 75% of the world's population don't speak any English. English is NOT enough!

#### Learning languages is particularly difficult.

**Reality:** Appropriate teaching methods can ensure success in foreign language learning for all learners.

You have to be fluent for languages to be of any use.

Reality: A little language goes a long way!

#### If you can't speak English properly you can't learn another language.

**Reality:** It gives learners a deeper understanding of how their own language works and develops their confidence and literacy skills.