The following summary outlines the current position as known and potential implications of Brexit for Angus Council as of July 2018

Information has been gathered from across services and agreed by the officer BREXIT group established December 2017

Issue for Angus Council EU - Current & Proposed Funding	Case Study/Comments			
	Awarded Funds	Amount	Focus	
	LEADER	£2,750,186	Rural Development & Capacity Building	
	EMFF	£114,960	Fisheries and Aquaculture	
	Business Gateway (led by Dundee City Council for Tayside area councils)	£813,000	Support Business Growth	
	INTERREG North Sea Programme	£205,000	LIKE Project: Digitalisation of services revenue	
	Erasmus+	£851,303	Professional development of teachers and D&A College projects	
	Low Carbon Fund	£326,000	Initial bid for feasibility of £10k led to submission of large capital bid in 2018 for an integrated green transport hub in Angus. This was approved on 18 June 2018	
	The LEADER Programme is part of a bottom up EU regeneration programme that aims to capitalise on local skills and knowledge and encourages community development and offers business support. Angus LEADER programme 2014 – 2020 has just over £2.06 million to award, to date having made 30 awards totalling approx. £1.63 million, matched by approx. £1.68 million of non-LEADER funding. Around £207K worth of further general applications are in development against the remaining approx. £190K million general fund, and around £290K worth of further cooperation applications are in development against the remaining approx. £247K cooperation fund.All funds must be awarded by BREXIT i.e. 29 March 2019. The programme allocations across Scottish LAGs are being currently reviewed by the Scottish Government, and Angus is preparing to bid for any further allocation coming from other areas' underspendsEuropean Maritime and Fisheries Fund Angus Council was awarded £114,960 under the Angus programme for projects in Angus. The programme is being delivered in partnership with Aberdeenshire Council. All projects must be deliverable by end 2018. The current projects going through assessment are under priority one "enhancing and capitalising on the environmental assets of fisheries areas" and priority two "promoting social well- being, cultural heritage and community development in fisheries areas". Round 7 of NESFLAG was held on 4 th July 2018 at which two			
	leaves a total of £10,314.	17 of the Angus	ve – Spotlight on Angus Fishing Heritage and Angus Council-Arbroath Harbour Pontoons. This allocation uncommitted the future of the programme, but being a domestic fund, it will likely be replaced by the UK	

Issue for Angus Council	Case Study/Comments		
	European Regional Development Fund Although Business Gateway services have core funding this is also supplemented by ERDF funding. This funding is specifically used to support growth companies. This is a vital service particularly in light of the slowdown in growth, not only in Angus but Scotland wide. Scottish Enterprise activities are also supported in part by ERDF for internationalisation and sector support		
	The ERDF will be replaced with the UK Shared Prosperity Fund.		
	Erasmus+ Since 2014, schools in Angus and Dundee and Angus College have received more than approximately £851,303 in Erasmus+ funding (a breakdown of these figures is available on request) Erasmus+ funding allows for teachers to spend time in another EU country on a language or professional development course, or to job shadow in EU schools to learn more about innovative teaching methods.		
	A representative from the British Council, the National Agency which runs the schools element of Erasmus recently visited Angus and held an information session and workshop on Erasmus and E-Twinning opportunities for schools. The session was interactive and very informative for all those attending		
	INTERREG North Sea Programme Angus Council and Angus Health and Social Care Partnership are part of a successful consortium bid with transnational partners focusing on digitalisation of services and big data developments (the Like project). The focus is to make better and innovative use of data to deliver smarter services and explore opportunities using the 'internet of things'. Working with the project will allow for better planning of service provision, enhance the health and social care integration agenda and promote providing more for less without affecting quality of project partners are: University of Groningen (Netherlands), Municipality of Groningen (Lead Beneficiary) (Netherlands), Municipality of Roeselare (Belgium), University of Vechta (Germany), Vechta Stad (Germany) Province of Drenthe (Netherlands), Municipality of Rotterdam (Netherlands), Angus Council (UK), Aalborg Kommune (Denmark) and Suffolk County Council (UK)		
	Angus Council and Angus Health and Social Care Partnership are active across all five work packages. Work packages 1 and 2 are focused on project management and reporting and are led by the Municipality of Groningen, Work package three aims to create a local Digital Innovation Culture across North Sea Region supporting learning which seeks to move public services/local government to a position where digital innovation is part of the normal everyday workingand is led by Angus Council; Work package 4aims to deliver smarter services through using good data and e use of data dashboards and is led by Suffolk; work package 5 aims to address digital DNA for cities/neighbourhoods, there is a focus ont eh development of interactive dashboards to support knowledge in communities and the opportunities for using the internet of things, this work is led by Aalbourg. This learning from each work package integrates within the overall project. Angus hosted the 5th Steering Group and Mid-Term Conference in Montrose and Carnoustie in July 2018. Around 30 staff from the project partners met for 3 days in Montrose followed by the mid-term conference in Carnoustie which over 100 people attended.		

Issue for Angus Council	Case Study/Comments		
	An example of some of the work being carried out within the Angus work package is detailed below:-		
	 Community Engagement in Arbroath- the intention is to extend and improve the reach and quality of community engagement in the Arbroath locality by developing the use of digital and online technologies. This will be developed through dialogue with members of communities who are currently less likely to engage in off-line activities. It will also be linked to the development of the Locality Plan Accessible data to support improvement in planning for health and social care services at locality level. The development of data dashboards to improve accessibility of open data for the public The development of locality finder tools using qGIS Development of opportunity and improvement in digital engagement with people who use services and the public on service design and delivery Delivery of digital democracy Participatory Budgeting – the delivery of extended participatory budgeting pilot work in Brechin, building on previous delivery experience and strengthening the digital component. We will also be looking to expand the work into some other areas. 		
	Through participation in this project Angus Council is benefitting hugely through knowledge exchange and sharing of good practice as well as moving forward on our journey to becoming a digital Council.		
	There is strong stakeholder support, including from CoSLA, on continuing to participate in INTERREG post-Brexit as a 3 rd country.		
	New Funding		
	Low Carbon ERDF funding was awarded to undertake a feasibility study for an Integrated Green Transport Hub in Forfar to support targets and enhance transport options for locals and visitors to Angus. The study demonstrated a need for a hub to be located at the proposed key location close to the A90. The hub will provide a range of electric charge points and support further connection across the local and regional area. A bid has now been submitted to the LCTT Challenge Fund for £326,000 for capital works.		
	Publicity is presently embargoed until the official ministerial announcement in August - the official date is yet to be confirmed.		

Issue for Angus Council	Case Study/Comments
Current Position on Future Funds	Following the end of phase 1 Brexit negotiations, the UK and the EU agreed that obligations under the seven year Multiannual Financial Framework (MFF) 2014-20 would be honoured. This means that the UK will continue to participate in the aforementioned EU funding programmes as if we were a full EU member, even beyond March 2019. This includes EU Structural and Investment Fund (ESIF) projects (ESF, EMFF and the ERDF), INTERREG, Horizon2020 research funding, Europe for Citizens and Erasmus + etc.
	The UK government has confirmed that a UK Shared Prosperity Fund will replace major funding programmes, but at the moment little is known of this apart from it will tie into the government's Industrial Strategy. The department responsible – the Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government– will consult on the design and the implementation of this fund, however the consultation date for broader stakeholders has been postponed from September 2017 until later in 2018. On 9 May Scottish Government announced the new £150,0000 BREXIT Stakeholder Engagement Fund . The fund will provide grants to Scottish organisations who wouldn't otherwise have the resources to gather and promote the views of their members on preparing for the UK leaving the EU. The fund will help ensure that a range of voices can be heard to inform the Scottish Government's position in relation to EU exit. The new fund will focus primarily on enabling community and third sector organisations to consider the impact of Brexit, highlight their concerns and plan for the future – giving them a greater platform to be heard at a Scottish, UK and EU level. More information about the fund available at https://beta.gov.scot/brexit/
	Post Brexit Funding - UK Shared Prosperity Fund
	COSLA hosted an open discussion on Friday 22 June which was attended by many practitioners from Scottish Councils and Local Action Group Coordinators. Representatives from Angus were in attendance. The purpose of the discussion was to scope out Brexit EU replacement funds for local development and how practitioners can collectively and proactively benefit from the many routes in which to influence the new post Brexit economic development framework.
	The main conclusion was that there is scope for proactively formulating a Scottish Local Government position on future of EU replacement funding and that this should take place before the UK consultation on the UK Shared Prosperity Fund. This is so that SG can use the Scottish Councils and LAG Coordinators agreed points in their own discussions with HMG prior to the launch of the UK Shared Prosperity Fund consultation as evidence that both Scottish Government and Local Government want the same degree of devolution on the UK Shared Prosperity Fund and other replacement funds that is currently enjoyed by with the EU Structural Funds. Various discussion papers are currently in circulation to which Angus Council are contributing; National Council of Rural Advisors, Scottish Government Transition period consultation and contributions to the COSLA meeting report. These contributions and recommendations will go towards shaping the design of the proposed UK Shared Prosperity Fund based on our understanding of the businesses and communities in Angus.
Procurement	Our operating assumption is that BREXIT will not substantially affect the procurement policy and rules applicable to Council procurement of goods, services and works necessary to deliver council services. This is because (a) much of EU procurement rules, policy and principles either (a) have been adopted into Scottish procurement legislation by the Public Contracts (Scotland) Regulations 2015 (and equivalent regulations implementing the EU directives on utilities and concession procurement) or (b) mirror Scottish government procurement policy, including that applied below EU threshold levels by the Procurement Reform (Scotland) Act 2014 and the Procurement (Scotland) Regulations 2016. It is also likely that the trade agreement to be struck between EU and the UK as part of BREXIT will require application of rules equivalent to the EU Public Procurement Directive (2014/24/EU, already incorporated into Scots law by the 2015 regulations referred to above).

	July 2018 –no further update
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Waste, Recycling and Environment	The Institute for European Environmental Policy (IEEP) estimates that there are more than 500 directives, regulations and directions that make up EU Environmental Law. For those in local authorities some of the most significant include: Landfill Directive – requiring member states to reduce the amount of municipal waste going to landfill; Waste Framework Directive, which sets recycling and recovery targets and basic principles for the management of waste; Water Framework Directive, requiring all rivers, lakes, groundwater and coastal waters to be of good quality by 2020; Bathing Water Directive, which sets quality standards for recreational waters to reduce pollution; Ambient Air Quality Directive, which sets air pollution limits; Habitats Directive, requiring member states to protect biodiversity, animals and plants; Environmental Noise and Environmental Impact Assessments for certain projects. Given that these policies and legislative arrangements have been approved at a National level it is unlikely that leaving the EU will impact on them.
	In the event of the UK remaining within the EEA, most environmental law would be required to continue. Outside the EEA, UK businesses exporting to the EEA would still need to meet standards to ensure they couldn't undercut those elsewhere in the EEA. While compliance with EU legislation is ultimately the responsibility of UK government, the devolved administrations have, in practice, often been responsible for developing appropriate policy and regulation, for example, the Scottish Government set tighter limits for air pollutants than the rest of the UK.
Business Support	Angus Council currently contributes £3000 to membership of Supplier Development Programme (SDP) to inform and educate businesses on how to submit tenders via Public Procurement Scotland website and access support via workshops to help them understand the procurement landscape. Whilst changes to procurement are not directly linked to the work that we do with SDP, legal changes may impact on businesses being interested (or not) in submitting bids. We are, however unlikely to see any major changes to procurement law for the reasons given above.
	EU State Aid rules govern the financial assistance that can be given to companies, including help to create or protect jobs in the UK's less prosperous areas ('Assisted Areas'). Scotland had a significant hand in shaping the current EU rules on regional aid and in defining the current Assisted Area map which now includes part of Angus. The present EU rules and map are in place until 2020 however it is unclear what the impact of Article 50 would be on this timeline. While regional aid is Scottish Government funded, the governing rules are defined by EU regulations.
EU Workers/ AC Employees	 The UK Home Office has stated that EU nationals (thought to be 3 million) can apply for "settled status". This will be an online application process with six to eight questions and a cost of no more than £72 with a decision delivered within two weeks. Those who qualify for settled status, giving them indefinite right to live in Britain, will have to demonstrate five years' continuous residence and pass a criminal record test. This does not address the issues of those with less than five years residence or seasonal workers. We are currently asking employees to update their nationality/ethnicity on Resourcelink in order that we can identify any employees who may require information and support and to gauge the possible impact for the council and employees. We also have a CoSLA survey to complete and return by 31 August which is around potential impact on employees.

Issue for Angus Council	Case Study/Comments		
	EU workers are important to the Care Sector in Angus particularly given the ageing population		
Young People	Results of a survey carried out on 600 young people by Young Scot and supported by the Scottish Government have been added to the Councillors' BREXIT sharepoint site		
Finance	Capital Investment – The impact on capital projects and investment proposed by Angus Council which based on historic levels of funding support would have or could have accessed EU funds is significant as shown in the funding table (section1 1). It remains to be seen what new funding streams may become available in place of existing EU funding routes. BREXIT may also have an impact on to our treasury management if for example there is volatility in interest rates for our borrowing caused by the final deal and transition arrangements.		
Latest Articles	A full list of publications can be found on the Council's BREXIT sharepoint.		