

2 Calculation Of Annual Loan Charges \& Budget Headroom Existing Loan Charges Commitments Special Repayments
Loan Charges From New Borrowing Total Estimated Annual Loan Charge
3 Calculation Of Budget Headroom / (Issue) Maximum Assumed Loan Charges Budget Less: Set Aside for Following Year CFCR Budget Headroom / (Issue)

| Note 9 | 11,027 | 11,150 | 11,387 | 11,425 | 10,851 | 10,876 | 10,888 | 8,020 | 7,847 | 7,687 | 5,441 | 5,335 | 5,177 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Note 10 | 46 | 1,000 | 878 | 93 | 747 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Note 11 | 0 | 188 | 693 | 1,415 | 2,412 | 3,106 | 3,324 | 3,547 | 3,922 | 4,159 | 4,401 | 4,648 | 4,900 |
|  | 11,073 | 12,338 | 12,958 | 12,933 | 14,010 | 13,982 | 14,212 | 11,567 | 11,769 | 11,846 | 9,842 | 9,983 | 10,077 |
| Note 12 | 11,073 | 13,051 | 12,958 | 12,933 | 14,010 | 13,984 | 13,960 | 13,113 | 11,615 | 11,437 | 10,300 | 9,489 | 9,695 |
|  | 11,073 | 12,338 | 12,958 | 12,933 | 14,010 | 13,982 | 14,212 | 11,567 | 11,769 | 11,846 | 9,842 | 9,983 | 10,077 |
| Note 6 | 0 | 283 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Note 13 | 0 | 430 | (0) | (0) | 0 | 2 | (252) | 1,546 | (154) | (409) | 458 | (494) | (382) |

 and general capital grant) of $£ 14.0$ million, increasing to $£ 14.5$ million from year 14 onwards.
 2021/22 to 2024/25.
 assessment in order to reflect a proper comparison against projected future loan charges budget levels.
Note 4 Departmental borrowing projects have been excluded as the loan charges in respect of any associated borrowing are met from revenue budget resources outwith the corporate loan charges budget.
 $2022 / 23$ and 2023/24 will decrease to a level of $£ 250,000$ per annum, dropping back to $£ 100,000$ for the remainder of the assessment period.

Note 6 Headroom of $£ 1.043$ million on the loan charges budget from 2019/20 has been carried forward to be used in 2021/22 as Capital Funded from Current Revenue (CFCR). Likewise a smaller amount ( $£ 283,000$ ) is assumed to be carried forward from 2021/22 into 2022/23.
 Settlement. For year 3 and beyond an ongoing base level of capital grant of $£ 11.0$ million has been assumed. Where capital grant is being used to fund third party capital expenditure, this has been deducted from the base grant assumptions.

## Notes 8 to 13 can be found on page 2 of this Appendix

| Year 14 | Year 15 | Year 16 | Year 17 | Year 18 | Year 19 | Year 20 | Year 21 | Year 22 | Year 23 | Year 24 | Year 25 | Year 26 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2033/34 | 2034/35 | 2035/36 | 2036/37 | 2037/38 | 2038/39 | 2039/40 | 2040/41 | 2041/42 | 2042/43 | 2043/44 | 2044/45 | 2045/46 |
| £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 | £,000 |
| 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.00\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% | 5.25\% |
| 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 | 14,500 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) | (100) |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ | $(10,650)$ |
| 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 | 3,750 |

2 Calculation Of Annual Loan Charges \& Budget Headroom Existing Loan Charges Commitments Special Repayments
Loan Charges From New Borrowing Total Estimated Annual Loan Charges

3 Calculation Of Budget Headroom / (Issue)
Maximum Assumed Loan Charges Budget
Less: Set Aside for Following Year CFCR Budget Headroom / (Issue)

| Note 9 | 3,499 | 3,462 | 3,422 | 3,487 | 3,557 | 3,693 | 3,769 | 3,852 | 3,942 | 3,560 | 2,980 | 2,948 | 2,556 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Note 10 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Note 11 | 5,344 | 5,645 | 5,953 | 6,268 | 6,591 | 7,115 | 7,459 | 7,812 | 8,176 | 8,552 | 8,940 | 9,341 | 9,756 |
|  | 8,844 | 9,107 | 9,375 | 9,755 | 10,148 | 10,808 | 11,228 | 11,664 | 12,118 | 12,112 | 11,919 | 12,289 | 12,312 |
| Note 12 | 9,602 | 9,524 | 9,460 | 9,710 | 9,960 | 10,210 | 10,460 | 10,710 | 10,960 | 11,210 | 11,460 | 11,710 | 11,960 |
|  | 8,844 | 9,107 | 9,375 | 9,755 | 10,148 | 10,808 | 11,228 | 11,664 | 12,118 | 12,112 | 11,919 | 12,289 | 12,312 |
| Note 6 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| Note 13 | 758 | 417 | 85 | (45) | (188) | (598) | (768) | (954) | $(1,158)$ | (902) | (459) | (579) | (352) | to be met from the corporate loan charges budget.

Note 9 Existing loan charge commitments represent the unavoidable loan charges on existing borrowing undertaken to 31 March 2020
 available at this time. In total these special repayments amount to some $£ 2.764$ million as detailed at part 4 of Appendix 3 to this report
 annuity basis using an average debt redemption period of 25 years and interest rates ranging from $4.30 \%$ to $5.25 \%$.
 with assumed increases of $£ 250,000$ of General Revenue Grant being applied each year thereafter. From 2024/25 it is assumed that the base loan charges budget will rise by a further $£ 1.1$ million in order to accommodate the replacement of Monifieth High School. Notwithstanding these assumptions, the overall level of loan charges budget mostly reduces year on year until $2036 / 37$ (reflecting the fall in loan charges support grant) and then starts to rise thereafter by the value of the assumed General Revenue Grant annual increase applied.
 debt repayments and CFCR application have been allowed within the projections. The net underspend over years 1 to 5 (totalling $£ 430,000$ ) will be used to address wider budget pressures. Further budget headroom is projected to exist in some future years and this could continue to be utilised to make special repayments of debt to reduce in year borrowing requirements. At this time though, no benefit has been allowed within the projections for any such special repayments given the many variables involved. In a number of years loan charges are projected to be in excess of the anticipated loan charges budget, however the continued use of headroom to make special repayments of debt will help to address and manage this position.

