

EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT

BACKGROUND

Date of Assessment:	31 January 2022		
Title of document being assessed:			
	Redesign of the Dundee and Angus Stroke Rehabilitation Pathway		
1. This is a new policy, procedure, strategy	This is an existing policy, procedure, strategy or		
or practice being assessed.	practice being assessed?		
(If Yes please check box) \square	(If Yes please check box) \square X		
This is a new budget saving proposal	This is an existing budget saving proposal being		
(If Yes please check box) \square	reviewed		
	(If Yes please check box)		
Please give details of the Lead Officer and the group responsible for considering the Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA)	Jillian Galloway, Head of Community Health and Care Services		
3. Please give a brief description of the	Dundee and Angus Health and Social Care		
policy, procedure, strategy or practice	Partnerships are working together to redesign the		
being assessed, including its aims and objectives, actions and processes.	stroke rehabilitation pathways to ensure they deliver modern, evidence based, high quality rehabilitation		
objectives, actions and processes.	and support to everyone with a new stroke and those		
	living with stroke in order to maximise their chance of		
	making the best recovery and living their best life		
	possible. The service redesign aims to deliver person-centred		
	specialist stroke rehabilitation and ongoing support,		
	provided by skilled and experienced health and social		
	care staff supported by third sector partners, balancing our resources between hospital and		
	community settings to best meet the needs of our		
	patient and carer populations. This must be sustainable		
	for the future. Within the new pathway we propose		
	that this care will be delivered in the community setting as soon as safe and clinically possible.		
	as seen as said and emilearly possible.		
	In August 2021, Angus IJB supported and approved the		
	proposal for Angus residents to receive home based stroke rehabilitation for all Angus and Dundee residents		
	where appropriate: People who require stroke specific		
	in-patient rehabilitation will receive this within Royal		
	Victoria Hospital, Dundee		

4. What are the intended outcomes of this policy, procedure, strategy or practice and who are the intended beneficiaries? The proposed service redesign focuses on modernising and improving rehabilitation standards to people who have had a stroke or are in caring roles.

Stroke is a leading cause of long-term disability with over a quarter of stroke survivors remaining disabled in basic activities of daily living and half being left with reduced mobility and function ¹. Aphasia and depression are other frequent causes of long term disability ¹. An increase in younger strokes (age 20 to 64 years) is also reported and expected to continue to rise²

Specialised stroke rehabilitation reduces long term disability with those with moderate disability benefiting more than those with mild or severe stroke severity 3,4,5

The number of patients who will require specialist stroke rehabilitation by clinicians with expertise in neurological conditions will continue to grow in the coming decades. This pathway redesign aims to benefit those diagnosed with stroke in the future as well as those who are currently living with stroke as a stroke survivor or as a carer.

Redesigning inpatient stroke rehabilitation from the current three stroke rehabilitation units into to a single Dundee and Angus Stroke rehabilitation unit will result in a more efficient model of care which will overcome workforce recruitment challenges currently compromising safe and effective care on the Angus site.

The pathway redesign will also enable the release of resources to reinvest in a community based model of care which will facilitate earlier supported discharge from hospital for those with mild to moderate stroke as well as increasing the intensity and frequency of community based rehabilitation starting soon after hospital discharge.

Patients and their carers will therefore have improved access to high quality community based rehabilitation in place on discharge from hospital, supported by specialist and experienced health and social care staff working in partnership with third sector services to enable people to achieve their rehabilitation goal and live their best life possible after stoke. Carers and families will also have better access to specialist support and information as we invest further in meeting their needs.

Staff working in the combined unit will also benefit from working in a large specialist team with improved access to specialist training and education as well as

support from the acute stroke team who are situated in close proximity to the unit. Staff will have options to work flexibly across acute and rehabilitation services to further improve their knowledge and skills in stroke care across the pathways. 5. Has local consultation, any Engagement work has taken place with stroke survivors improvement with or research and carers across Dundee and Angus to identify their protected characteristic communities priorities in the future redesign of stroke services. informed the policy, procedure, **Engagement sessions** strategy or practice being EQIA Focus groups assessed here? Email and telephone feedback opportunities Patient and carer interviews If Yes, please give details. A Tayside stroke voices group continues to meet which enables partnership working with people with lived experience of stroke. This is an active group who have shared their experiences and suggested care delivery improvements as well as provided feedback on suggested pathway changes. A small group of patients with aphasia have given feedback on the proposed redesign. Further work with this client group is planned as we move on to the implementation stage of the redesign. Staff engagement events and a staff survey completed by over 120 staff also identified their priorities and suggestions for improvements to the pathway. Public engagement sessions were also held which allowed members of the public to hear our suggested service redesign proposal. 6. Fairer Scotland duties: There are no negative implications for Angus citizens 1) Does this report have an impact for under Fairer Scotland duties. Angus citizens under Fairer Scotland? 2) If Yes, what are these implications and

how will they be addressed?

EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EQIA) - RELEVANCE SCREENING

1. Has the proposal already been assessed via an EQIA process for its impact on ALL of the protected characteristics of: age; disability; gender; gender re-assignment; pregnancy/maternity; marriage and civil partnership; race; religion and belief; and sexual orientation?

No

1 a. Does the proposal have a potential to impact in ANY way on the public and/or service users holding any of the protected characteristics of age; disability; gender; gender reassignment; pregnancy/maternity; marriage and civil partnership; race; religion and belief; and sexual orientation?

Yes Proceed to the Full Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA).

1 b. Does the proposal have a potential to impact in ANY way on <u>employees</u> holding any of the protected characteristics of age; disability; gender; gender re-assignment; pregnancy/maternity; marriage and civil partnership; race; religion and belief; and sexual orientation? This applies to employees of not only NHS Tayside and Angus Council, but also the 3rd sector.

Yes

2. Name: Sally Wilson

Position: Integration Improvement Manager



FULL EQUALITY IMPACT ASSESSMENT (EQIA)

Step 1.

Is there any reason to believe the proposal could affect people differently due to their protected characteristic? Using evidence (e.g. statistics, literature, consultation results, etc.), justify whether yes or no. If yes, specify whether impact is likely to be positive or negative and what actions will be taken to mitigate against the undesired impact of a negative discrimination. When considering impact, please consider impact on: health related behaviour; social environment; physical environment; and access to & quality of services of NHS Tayside, Angus Council or 3rd sector social justice.

1a. The <u>public and/or service users</u> holding the Protected Characteristics:

	POSITIVE IMPACT	NEGATIVE IMPACT	Intended mitigating actions against the b) Negative Discrimination
	a)Positive Action	b)Negative discrimination	
AGE	Yes Many people with stroke are elderly with multiple co- morbidities and are at risk of acute deterioration in their health status following their initial stroke and during their rehabilitation phase. The location of the proposed inpatient rehabilitation unit is in close proximity to Ninewells	discrimination YES Stroke affects all ages but the number of younger strokes is increasing Younger patients currently receive their rehabilitation in the Centre of Brain Injury Rehabilitation which exclusively admits those around 65 years and under. Changes to the pathway will mean all age groups are admitted to a single unit.	Where possible we will consider the profile of people who are users of stroke rehabilitation services, or likely of be stroke service users, against the profile of the general population. This should give a picture of where there are social groups that are likely to be disproportionately affected by the changes proposed. Specialist skills and knowledge of younger strokes e.g. risk factors, treatments, rehabilitation interventions, evidence based care, vocational rehabilitation, psychological support, social and digital interventions which meet the needs of the younger age groups will be developed across the pathway to ensure everyone receives the high quality specialist care appropriate for their needs and wishes. Younger people will have access to
	Hospital meaning faster transfer time and access to		peer and social support according to their wishes across the inpatient and community pathway.
	emergency care when required.		Care will continue to be organised in a person centred way to ensure that age is not a limiting factor for any groups and peer support is available to patients and carers.

GENDER		Ongoing engagement with younger people affected by stroke to identify their feedback and ideas for the future pathway
DISABILITY	Yes The Scottish Governments Better together Inpatient Survey 6 presents qualitative data of the experience of 10,000 inpatients which reports that disabled people, people with translation, interpreting and communication support had a poorer experience of inpatient services.	Inpatient rehabilitation: Patients and their carers will be involved in decisions affecting their care Communication aids and support will be offered to those with communication difficulties to ensure their views and wishes are understood. Community Rehabilitation: We will work with local communities to identify local rehabilitation service needs, support services, transport options and buildings requirements to ensure rehabilitation is accessible and suitable for this client group.
	People receiving inpatient stroke rehabilitation care will have a range of physical, mental and psychological health disabilities which may present increased challenges to this group in the redesigned pathway.	
ETHNICITY/ RACE	Yes It is well recognised that minority ethnic groups experience higher rates of disease and poorer heath related outcomes than the White British population. Often these poorer outcomes are attributed to genetic influences, socioeconomic deprivation, migration status, cultural practices and lifestyle differences.	We will work with local communities to identify any minority ethnic groups and other cultural groups and engage with them to identify any impact by the proposed pathway changes Ongoing engagement with local communities will be vital to ensure that minority ethnic populations and cultural groups are not disadvantaged by the pathway changes.

SEXUAL ORIENTATION			
RELIGION/			
BELIEF GENDER			
REASSIGNMENT			
PREGNANCY/ MATERNITY	Yes Angus residents who are diagnosed with stroke during pregnancy will receive their inpatient rehabilitation in close proximity to specialist obstetric services who can oversee their care when required		
OTHER: CARERS OF OLDER AND/OR DISABLED PEOPLE (Although carers are not considered as a PC in itself, they are protected by the Equality Act 2010 from "discrimination by association" with the PCs of age and disability) OTHER: Socioeconomic deprived groups	WHOTH TO YOUR GO	Yes Most patients receiving stroke rehabilitation are elderly often with elderly family members and caregivers. This may impact the ability of their elderly family members to travel to the rehabilitation unit for visiting and involvement in care or discharge planning. Earlier discharge home may impact upon the unpaid carer role. Yes People with low income and financial constraints might be disadvantaged having to travel to visit loved ones in hospital or may have to travel to	The needs of families and carers will be identified and incorporated into the person centred care model for each individual patient. Communication strategies will be identified e.g. virtual, telephone, volunteer drivers to assist with contact and visiting. Work with local communities to identify transport options for patients, carers and families to visit hospital settings or access outpatient rehabilitation services / support services. Invest in unpaid carer support services Work with third sector partners to identify support needs and services Specialist stroke care support throughout pathway to identify carer needs and timely access to support. Ongoing engagement with patients and carers to identify support needs across the pathway. Work with local communities to identify transport options for patients, carers and families to visit hospital settings or access outpatient rehabilitation services / support services. Work with communities to deliver outpatient services locally and where appropriate in the persons own home.

OTHER: Rural dwelling populations	al dwelling remote rural areas		Work with rural communities to identify their local needs and wishes. Ensure equity of high quality care and access to appropriate support services within safe physical reach of all sections of the population regardless of where they live.	
		appointments They may be disadvantaged financially or in equity of access to rehabilitation services within their local area		

1b. The <u>employees</u> holding the Protected Characteristics:

	POSITIVE IMPACT	NEGATIVE IMPACT	Intended mitigating actions against the b)
	a)Positive Action	b)Negative discrimination	Negative Discrimination
AGE			
GENDER			
DISABILITY		Yes Staff living with a disability who previously worked in Stracathro stroke unit may have further to travel to work if they choose to work in inpatient stroke rehabilitation in Dundee May have difficulties accessing appropriate transport	Review individual needs and adjustments to support staff groups affected Ongoing staff engagement in the implementation stage is vital. Consideration of staff preference and assurances that no staff will be disadvantaged in the quality of care environment they work in, access to training and development and access to work.
ETHNICITY/ RACE			75
SEXUAL ORIENTATION			
RELIGION/ BELIEF			
GENDER REASSIGNMENT			
MARRIAGE/CIVIL PARTNERSHIP			
PREGNANCY/ MATERNITY		Yes Staff on maternity leave may not have been consulted on proposed pathway changes Pregnant Staff choosing to work in inpatient rehabilitation care in Dundee may have longer journeys and suffer pregnancy related fatigue due to travel time increases	Write to staff on maternity leave to ensure they are aware of the proposed changes and have the opportunity to give feedback / attend engagement events if they wish to. Offer information and engagement on returning from maternity leave. Review individual needs and adjustments required to fulfil their role. Incorporate travel time and fatigue risks into any changes in work duties.

		Consideration of staff preference and assurances that no staff will be disadvantaged in the quality of care environment they work in, access to training and development and access to work.
OTHER: CARERS OF OLDER AND/OR DISABLED PEOPLE (Although carers are not considered as a PC in itself, they are protected by the Equality	Yes Staff currently working in Angus may have increased distances to travel and experience increased difficulty fulfilling carer duties or responding timely to emergency situations	Engage with staff to identify those with carer roles to ensure they are not disadvantaged by any changes to their role / workplace.
Act 2010 from "discrimination by association" with the PCs of age and disability) OTHER: Angus staff (Stroke unit)	Yes Staff currently working in Stracathro Stroke Unit will be significantly impacted by the proposed services redesign	Engage and work in partnership with staff groups affected to identify their individual wishes and needs. Follow policy and work closely with trade unions and Staffside colleagues to ensure that all staff affected are treated fairly and are not disadvantaged by the proposed changes.

1c. Does the proposal promote good relations between any of the Protected Characteristics?

YES X	NO L	NOT SURE
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Specify further (e.g. between which of the PCs, and in what way, or why not or not sure)

1d. What steps will you take to collect the Equality Monitoring information needed to monitor impact of this proposal on PCs, and when will you do this?

- Offer engagement and feedback opportunities to involve all PC groups affected and delivered in a range of ways in which people can share their thoughts and ideas
- Design appropriate data collection methods to inform and measure impact

Where will the Equality Impact Assessment (EQIA) be published?

Angus Health and Social Care Partnership page on Angus Council website

CONTACT INFORMATION

Name of Department or Partnership:	Α	Angus Health and Social Care Partnership	
Type of Document			
Human Resource Policy			
General Policy			
Strategy/Service			
Change Papers/Local Procedure			
Guidelines and Protocols			
Other (please specify):		X Re- instatement/changes to services	
Manager Responsible		Author Responsible	
Name: Jillian Galloway		Name: Sally Wilson	
Designation Head of Community Health and Care Services, Angus HSCP Designation: Integration Improvement HSCP		ent Manager, Angus	
Base: Angus House, Forfar		Base: Angus House, Fo	rfar
Telephone 01307 492560		Telephone: 01307 4764	197,
Email: jillian.galloway@nhs.scot Email: sally.wilson@nh		s.scot,	
Signature of author of the policy: Date: 31.01.2022			01.2022
Sally Wilson			
Signature of Director/Head of Service:		Date: 31.0	01.2022
Jill Galloway			
Name of Director/Head of Service: Jillian Galloway			
Date of Next Plan Review: N/A			

For additional information and advice please contact: tay.angushscp@nhs.scot

References

- 1 Kelly-Hayes M, Beiser A, Kase CS, Scaramucci A, D'Agostino RB, Wolf PA. The influence of gender and age on disability following ischemic stroke: the Framingham study. J Stroke Cerebrovasc Dis 2003; 12 (03) 119-126
- 2 Krishnamurthi RV, Moran AE, Feigin VL., et al; GBD 2013 Stroke Panel Experts Group. Stroke prevalence, mortality and disability-adjusted life years in adults aged 20–64 years in 1990–2013: data from the global burden of disease 2013 study. Neuroepidemiology 2015; 45 (03) 190-202
- **3** O'Connor RJ, Beden R, Pilling A, Chamberlain MA. What reductions in dependency costs result from treatment in an inpatient neurological rehabilitation unit for people with stroke?. Clin Med (Lond) 2011; 11 (01) 40-43
- 4 Turner-Stokes L, Williams H, Bill A, Bassett P, Sephton K. Cost-efficiency of specialist inpatient rehabilitation for working-aged adults with complex neurological disabilities: a multicentre cohort analysis of a national clinical data set. BMJ Open 2016; 6 (02) e010238
- **5** Murata K, Hinotsu S, Sadamasa N. , et al. <u>Healthcare resource utilization and clinical outcomes associated with acute care and inpatient rehabilitation of stroke patients in Japan</u>. Int J Qual Health Care 2017; 29 (01) 26-31
- 6. https://www.gov.scot/collections/inpatient-experience-survey/